

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

10 CENTS PER WEEK.

DIXON, ILLINOIS, THURSDAY AUGUST 9, 1894.

ELEVENTH YEAR, No. 187

NOW
Buy a Tea Gown or Wrap-
per, price
58, } Cents each.
78, }
98, }
32, } Sizes
34, }
36, }
38, }
40, } All Styles.
42, }
44, }
46, }
Obtain one before they are
gone.
S. G. AUSTIN & CO

WE WILL SELL
an entire stock of White
Goods, Laces and Embroid-
eries, at prices that will in-
terest you. We have some
very good things left. Buy
now and save money as we
are making room for fall
goods.

W. F. Weaver & Co.

Practical Painters Praise

Pure Prepared Paints, for which we are Head-quarters;
also for Wall Paper, Curtains, Oils, Drugs, Brushes,
Stove Gasoline, Chamois, Sponges and Toilet Articles.

SODA WATER!

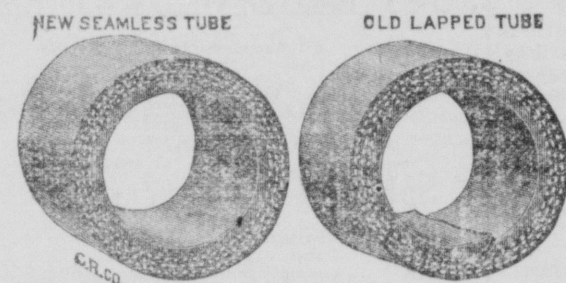
TILLSON & HAYDEN, 116 Galena Ave.
Leaders in Wall Paper, Curtains, Paints, Oils and Stove Gasoline.

WE MAKE A SPECIALTY
of Engraving Card Plates
and Cutting Dies. We
furnish the best quality
of work and guarantee
promptness.

Henderson & Co.
3, Opera House Block,

S. S. DODGE,
The Jeweler,
Carries the largest stock of Di-
amonds, Watches, Jewelry and
Silverware, in the city, which he
is willing to sell at prices to suit
the times.
Spectacle Fitting a Specialty!
Agents for Columbia, Sterling,
Hartford and Waverly Bicycles.
Cor. Hennepin Ave. and 1st St.

DID YOU KNOW

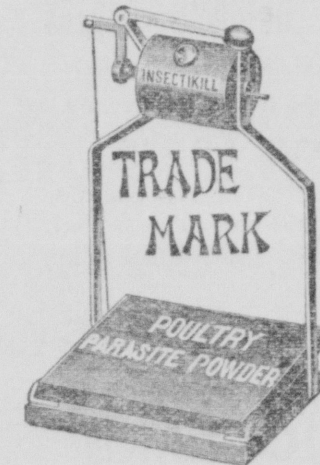


there are two kinds
of hose? The old
lapped seam and the
seamless. Look at
these cuts; we han-
dle nothing but the
SEAMLESS. No
seam, no cracks, no
leaks; water can't get through and rot the duck. Defects,
trouble and annoyance in the past should be a lesson. It
costs no more than the old kind. Sold only by

J. HOWELL & SON, 57 First Street.
Stoves, Hardware, Etc.

A Few Eye Don'ts.
Don't allow a cold wind to strike the eyes.
Don't try to do eye work with the light shining in the
face.
Don't have colored shades on the lamps; use white or
ground glass.
Don't go directly from a warm room into a cold, raw
atmosphere.
Don't open the eyes under water in bathing, especially
in salt water.
Don't let any strong light, like that from electricity
shine directly into the eyes.
Don't strain the eyes by reading, or any like occupa-
tion, with an imperfect light.
Don't rub the eyes with cold water; that which
is as warm as it can be borne is better.
Don't sleep opposite a window in such manner that a
strong light will strike the eyes on awakening.
Don't allow all have the children sleep so that the
morning sun shall shine in their faces to arouse them.
Don't expect to get another pair of eyes when these
have been destroyed by neglect or illness; but give them
careful treatment, and they will serve faithfully to the end.
Don't try to get along with poor glasses any longer,
but have them corrected by an eye doctor. Our prices are
lower than the lowest.

A LABOR AND MONEY SAVING DEVICE!

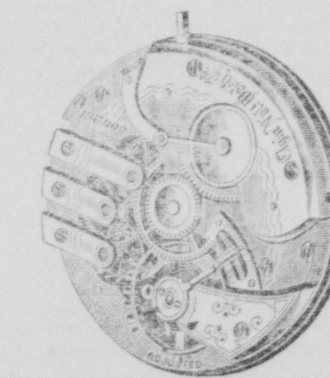


Never Excelled, Never Equalled.
Do away with soap-suds!
Do away with sulphur!

The time has come when you must make every in-
vestment pay and pay well. The hen walks
through, the machine does the rest.

Address for circulars,
YOUR FRIENDS,
E. M. BUNNELL & CO.
Telephone Number 30.

IT IS TIME



that you discarded that old fash-
ioned watch of yours and secure
one of our elegant ELGIN or
WALTHAM MOVEMENTS, of
which we always have a full line.
Call in and examine the latest
novelties in jewelry.

PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST.

KEWIN, THE JEWELER AND OPTICIAN,
No. 6, East First Street.

—B. H. Houston is quite ill.
—George Bolei is in from Reynolds.
—Knights of the Globe meet tonight.
—John Wallace, of the West End, is
ill.
—Charles Rathbun has returned from
Joliet.
—Band concert in Court House Park
tonight.
—Mr. and Mrs. Hannan are visitors
Chicago.
—The Morrison Fair will be held Sept.
4, 5, 6 and 7.
—Miss Emma Hagert is out from Chi-
cago on a visit.
—Miss Della Dimick has returned home
from Chicago.
—Mt. Carroll is well represented at the
Assembly today.
—Miss Ella McGrath has returned from
a visit in Chicago.
—Mr. and Mrs. Echleman of Sterling,
are at the Assembly.
—Advertisements changed this evening;
Stern Bros., S. S. Dodge.
—Miss Nellie Goodrich is entertaining
Miss May Wells, of Chicago.
—Mrs. John Moyer is home from an
extended visit at Wooster, Ohio.
—The Dixon Baptist Association will
meet at Freeport next Wednesday.
—Mr. and Mrs. James Manges are home
from a long visit in Pennsylvania.
—Miss Leona Canterbury, of Chicago,
is a visitor at the O. B. Dodge residence.
—Mrs. Milton Green is entertaining her
mother, Mrs. M. O. Wilkinson, of Ster-
ling.
—Mrs. R. L. Shaw and daughter, Miss
Grace, are in from Lee Center for a few
days.
—Claude Backus has gone to Sioux
Falls, S. Dakota, to visit and perhaps to
locate.
—The Carroll county old settler's an-
nual picnic will be held at Lanark, Au-
gust 23.
—Mr. and Mrs. William Beier are keep-
ing house at 255 First street, corner of
Monroe.
—The Home Forum meeting set for to-
morrow night, is postponed on account of
Assembly.
—Mrs. B. F. Stewart has returned from
a visit at Clinton with her daughter and
grandchild.
—Eddie Burke is out from Chicago on
a short visit, looking as neat and agree-
able as ever.
—L. Bright, of the Riverside Shoe fac-
tory, has gone to Chicago and his home
in Des Moines.
—Mrs. Maurice Herbert of Polo, is vis-
iting with her friend, Mrs. James Jordan,
for a few days.
—David Sennett has gone to Franklin
Grove where he will do business for the
next few weeks.
—Supt. John Wasley is putting city
water into the M. J. Gannon residence on
Hennepin avenue.
—Misses Nina Ward and Jennie Peter-
son of Rockford, are visiting at the home
of Mrs. C. A. Lucas.
—L. H. Aldrich of Bloomington, is here
on business with B. F. Lane & Co., and
to see his son Charles E.
—A bicycle tournament will be held at
Rochelle, August 21st. Prizes amounting
to \$550 in value offered.
—The Populists of Whiteside hold a
county convention at Morrison next
Wednesday, August 15th.
—Judge James Shaw has been request-
ed to speak on Old Settler's Day at As-
sembly Park, Tuesday next.
—There will be no meeting of the Good
Templar Lodge next week. The next
meeting will be the 21st inst.
—O. H. Brown and O. H. Brown & Co.,
close their stores at 6:30 p. m. tomorrow,
merchants day at the Assembly.
—Miss Anna Schriver, a well known
student at the N. I. N. S., has gone to
her home in Reynolds township.
—Mrs. C. W. Allen, of Omana, is visit-
ing her parents, Mr. and Mrs. D. B. Ayres
and will remain until September.
—The Society of Literary Endeavor
meeting for Friday evening is postponed
for one week on account of Assembly.
—Berry is entered for the Washington
Park Chicago, meet in the breeders stake
race, foals of 1890; 2:25 trot, purse \$1500.
—Brown, the photographer, donated one
dozen of his best photos to the lady win-
ner in the tennis tournament this after-
noon.
—Messdames Wallace, of Mendota and
Baum, of Chicago, returned home yester-
day after a visit with Mrs. Harry Wheeler
on First street.
—Misses Florence Warner and Clarence
Warner, who have been visiting at Wil-
liam Nugent's, returned today to their
home at Lyons, Iowa.
—Mrs. Catherine Evans, of North Ot-
tawa Ave., has returned home after a
pleasant visit of two months with friends
and relatives of Missouri Valley.
—There will be a meeting of The
Young Men's Catholic Temperance So-
ciety tomorrow (Friday) evening. The
presence of every member is desired.
—The Northside Mandolin club, Messrs.
Ernest, Walter and Harry Preston and
Frank and Hal Smith spent last evening
at the J. F. McGinnis place in Palmyra.
—Elias Bovey has purchased of John
L. Lord, of Palmyra, forty-two acres of
land that joined the former's farm there.
Fifty-five dollars an acre was the price
paid.
—Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Mead returned
last night from Wisconsin. They had in-
tended to stay longer in the North, but
Mr. Mead's health became alarmingly
poor, so they hurried home.

DEMOCRATIC DAY.

Close of the Political Confab at the As-
sembly.—A Goodly Crowd Assembled
and Ex-Mayor Steel Presided and
Introduced the Speaker.

Hon. Owen Scott of Bloomington, end-
ed the political debates at the Assembly
yesterday by presenting the Democratic
side of the contention about as ably, at
least ingeniously, as it could be presented.
He was personally acquainted with
Colonel Clements, who spoke for the Re-
publicans the day previous, a very pleas-
ant gentleman with whom he had no
quarrel, except in politics, and not much
of that. He understood that political
speakers were liable to talk of the terrible
perils of the country, but he believed the
party that happened to be in power gen-
erally performed its duty as it under-
stood it, and he had faith in the govern-
ment. He thought it a mistake to call a
man a politician in the obnoxious sense
that people spoke of the man who took
an interest in politics. Every intelligent
man should be a politician enough to at-
tend caucus. The politician should be
elevated.

He spoke of the fact that two years ago
there was one of the most exciting can-
vasses on the matter pertaining to the in-
dustries of the country we had ever wit-
nessed, and in two years from this time
we were to have another presidential con-
test, therefore this is a good time for
discussion; half way between 1892 and 1896.

He referred to Alexander Hamilton as
the leading Statesman of his day, who, at
the foundation of the government, ad-
vocated strong centralization of power in
the Federal government, such as that of
England; while Thomas Jefferson was
more of a liberal states rights leader.
Hamilton was a Federalist and Jefferson
lead the then Republican party. The
former merged into the Whig and the lat-
ter into the Democratic party. The Whig
party became the Republican and the Re-
publican became the Democratic; the lat-
ter is doing business "at the old stand."
The speaker did not agree with Hamilton.
Jefferson was his ideal of a Statesman, as
he represented a distribution of power.
However Mr. Scott confessed that there
was a golden medium.

The Democratic party, he said, es-
cused slavery and went out of power
for a long time. Then it grew again and
pushed the Republican party to the wall.
He did not believe in putting politics
in religion, but there was no harm in put-
ting a little religion in politics. He had
no use for the politics that could not take
in the ten commandments.

One year ago the President called con-
gress in extra session—there was then a
panic throughout the country—for the
purpose of repealing the silver purchas-
ing law. The cause of the panic he
would not discuss; the audience knew as
much about that as he did. That the
Republican party was the cause of the
panic of 1873 he had no doubt. He did not
charge all the troubles to the Republicans.
If he did he would say that the party was
responsible for the tramp nuisance.

All laws now in operation were, how-
ever, the result of Republican legislation,
except those repealed by the present con-
gress; Federal Election and the Silver
Bill; the latter being abolished by aid of
the Republicans. He thought the hard
times were caused by Republican laws.

He confessed that the Democratic con-
gress had been awfully dilatory.
He spoke of Mr. Cleveland's election in
1884, but no Democratic laws could be
passed then as the Republicans had the
Senate.

He spoke of President Cleveland's free
trade message at the close of his last ad-
ministration as a very brave act.

He would not discuss whether Tom
Reed was a Czar.

The McKinley law must be repealed;
and it would have been had it not been
for the Democratic Judas Iscariots of the
Senate.

He would not discuss tariff. That was
simply a question whether we should
have a tax to run the government or one
to protect manufacturers.

The Wilson bill was not free from ob-
jections. It was not proposed to pass a
law to injure the industries of the
country.

The main feature of the Wilson bill
was free raw material and an ad valorem
tariff.
He argued at some length in favor of
free wool. Wool could not be profitably
raised on land worth one hundred dollars
an acre. As the price of land went up
wool has gone down. A few men in
Texas were raising wool on cheap land
at a profit, but the "hundreds of millions"
who did not raise wool are not interested.

When the Republicans put hides on
the free list there was no such a howl set
up about injury to the farmer.

He spoke of quinine being put on the
free list and then it was cheaper than un-
der a tariff.

He spoke at length of the virtues of the
Wilson bill and free coal and iron.

As to the charges that Democrats had
an interest in Nova Scotia coal, that was
nothing more than Republicans would do.
In matters of speculation there was no
difference between Democrats and Repub-
licans. There were Democrats standing
in the way of free coal.

Mr. Clements told about the country's
prosperity when the Democrats took
charge of the government, but he said
nothing about the reduced treasury when
the Republicans went out.

Mr. Cleveland insisted that unless the
silver bill was repealed there would be a
panic.

Mr. Clements said that Andrew Jackson
was in favor of a tariff; but, Mr. Scott in-
sisted, the great Democrat referred to a
twenty per cent duty.

He said the laboring men know that a
tariff does not keep up wages. In free
trade England the laborer is paid more
than in protected countries of Europe.
In protected Mexico labor was very
cheap.

He thought when the amount of work
done is considered, labor is as cheap here
as in any country.
However, the laboring men are only
five per cent of our inhabitants and he
did not think it proper to make laws to
protect this class, to the neglect of the
other.

(Continued on last page.)

For Sale.

The Steamboats, Lady May
and Mary B. and the big Barge, with
which Captain Saries
has taken so many large parties up the river
already this season. Now is the time to buy
these boats, as the season has just commenced.
Lots of money can be made during the
"Assembly." Either steamers will be sold
with the barge, or separately.

City and Country Real Estate

for sale, desirable houses for rent, and all
kinds of insurance.

HUGHES & STERLING,
Schuler Block, Dixon, Illinois.

Buy a Home!

Cheapest Places on Earth.

7-room house, corner 10th street and Galena
avenue, \$1025; worth \$1200.
5-room house, 6th street and Madison ave-
nue, \$700 (on time) worth \$850.
7-room handy house, on Fellows street,
\$1125; worth \$1350.
5-room cottage, Jefferson avenue, \$745, (on
time) worth \$850.
7-room house and two lots, Peoria avenue
and 4th street, \$1050; worth \$1250.
A 50-foot lot on North side near bridge,
\$300; worth \$500.
Handy lot on Chamberlain avenue, at \$305;
cheap at \$475.
2 lots in Dement's addition, \$305 each; worth
\$375.
Choice lot Parson's addition, \$345; worth
\$450.

LOVELAND & STITELEY,
Corner 1st St. and Hennepin Av.



The latest original feature of this
admirable instrument is

The PlectraPh one

An attachment, by means of which the
most beautiful effects of the Mandolin
Guitar, Zither, etc., are faithfully and
correctly reproduced. Call and see it at

T. J. MILLER'S Music Store,
11 East First Street.

DR. HENDERSON'S ILLINOIS KIDNEY and Liver Cure!

One \$ bottle Liquid,
One \$ Package Dry,
Both for One Dollar.

For limited time only.
D. S. HORTON,
Prescription Druggist.

CALL AND LOOK at our new stock of Surreys and Buggies.

The best value for the money in
the city.

PAUL C. LORD,
RIVER STREET.

Wm. Beck & Son's
FASHIONABLE TAILORS,

CALL AND SEE US.
Basement Schuler Building.



TELEPHONE NO. 4.

THE DAINTIEST LINE OF SWISS LINEN Handkerchiefs Ever Shown in Dixon.

Our FIRST IMPORT ORDER this season. We
can please the most fastidious taste. Prices also
gauged on NO TARIFF BASIS.

Pure Linen Embroidered, worth 25c, for 12½c.
Pure Linen Hemstitch Initial, at 12½c.
One hundred styles at 15c up to \$1.25 each.
50 dozen H. S. embroidered corners, worth 10c; go at 5c

Call and Make Early Selections.

O. H. BROWN.

PEACHES.

We are receiving Michigan Peaches direct from
the orchards. These peaches we guarantee the
quality and packing. Try them.

All Kinds of Fruits and Vegetables

constantly on hand. Everything in Staple and Fancy
Groceries. Goods delivered to every part of the city,
including Assembly Park.

J. H. Morris & Son.

Telephone No. 21. 117 Galena Avenue.

VICTOR Punctured Tires

on the Victor are easily repaired.
All the tools necessary are your
hands. An extra tube is given
with each wheel; when you punct-
ure a tire replace inner tube with
extra one and do your repairing at
your leisure. We also have the
agency for the well known West-
ern Wheel Works line, the best
line of cheap wheels made.

C. A. LUCAS,
155 Galena Avenue.

The Star Safety Razor

A great invention, which renders shav-
ing an easy and convenient luxury,
and obviates all danger of cutting the face.
Warranted to shave clean. Time and
money saved; delays in barber shops
avoided. It is especially adapted to the
aged and the young, and is indispensable
to travelers by land and by sea; to per-
sons camping out; to the indolent and
the luxurious; to the man who wants a
quick shave, and him whose skin is too
tender to admit of the application of the
ordinary razor. Once used you will
never be without it. Sold by us for two
years.

ALEXANDER & HOWELL, 112 Galena Ave.
Telephone No. 51.

Mid-Summer Clearing Sale!

DRESS GOODS,
PARASOLS, FANS,
MITTS, MUSLIN UNDERWEAR,
LADIES' WAISTS, HOSIERY, LACES and
EMBROIDERIES.

Everything at Reduced Prices.

BRUBAKER & CARPENTER.

GET IT AT COUNTRYMAN'S MEAT MARKET,

169 GALENA AVENUE.

CITY NATIONAL BANK.
SAMUEL C. KELLA, Pres.
J. W. CHAPMAN, Vice Pres.
LEONARD ANDRUS, Cashier.
CHAS. K. CHANDLER, Asst. Cash.
This bank is fully equipped to take care of its customers. Its safety deposit vaults and boxes should be patronized by everybody who desires absolute security for their valuable papers, jewelry, etc.
DR. S. M. GREEN.
SPECIALIST—Office corner Hennepin avenue and First street. Residence 132 Second street. Obstetrician, diseases of women, children, nose, throat and chest diseases and all chronic diseases.
DR. C. H. IVES.
PHYSICIAN and Surgeon, 155 Hennepin avenue.
L. J. POLLOCK.
DENTIST, Opera Block. Fillings, porcelain plates, crowns and bridge work (teeth without plates). Persons wearing thick, heavy rubber plates should change them for the light, comfortable ones of metal that I manufacture according to my own special methods, which makes them perfect in fit and so strong that I can guarantee security for their valuable teeth. I still manufacture the best rubber plates for \$8.00.
CITY EXPRESS.
H. MOREY'S Parcel Delivery and Dray Line. Parcels and baggage of every description promptly delivered in all parts of the city. Charges satisfactory. Leave orders at Horton's drug store. Telephone number 15.
MARION L. WHITE, M. D.
OFFICE on Second street. Office hours from 9 till 12 and 2 till 5. Opposite Court House Park, with Dr. Garrison. 2717
C. McBRIDE.
PAINTS everything. Floors, ceilings, signs, house—outside and inside. Wall papering done quickly and well. 161 Dixon avenue
MRS. B. F. PRATT.
FLORIST—Persons desiring cut flowers for parties, funerals, or wishing potted plants please call at green house on East Second St.
GET COOL
THESE warm evenings by taking a ride up the river. Boat White Swan leaves the dock on River street every evening at 7:30 for all points up the river. To Myers Island return tickets 10c. To Hazelwood 35c. To Portage 50c. Boat will return at 9 o'clock unless otherwise arranged for.
P. J. LAPHAM.
J. L. BALL.
GEO. J. HAMILIN. Established 1897.
J. L. BALL & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS, Grain and Provisions, "The Hookery" Room 110 Chicago. Grain and provisions bought and sold on margin. Correspondence solicited.
COLLECTION AGENCY.
Collection of any kind promptly attended to. Office with A. S. Hyde & Co., Opera House Block. M. J. MCGOWAN.
SHOE REPAIR SHOP.
WHEN you wish a pair of boots or shoes made to order or repaired done, do not forget that I have no superior in the city. All work promptly attended to.
V. W. HEFT.
Shop at South end of Bridge.
COLUMBIA BARBER SHOP.
DON'T fail to call at the Columbia Barber Shop when in need of tonsorial work. John Heft proprietor. 108 Galena Avenue.
INTELLIGENCE OFFICE.
Anyone desiring HELP for house purposes or otherwise, or anyone desiring POSITIONS for kind of labor, apply at my office in Countryman's building. JOHN M. JULIEN.
DELIVERY AND DRAYING.
ED. T. SMITH'S Parcel Delivery and Dray Line. Trunks and baggage delivered to all parts of the city and all kinds of draying attended to promptly. Leave orders at Tillson & Hayden's. Telephone 58.
WANTED.
A Competent Girl to do housework. 8517 Mrs. A. K. TRUDELL.
A GIRL for general housework. 210 South Crawford Ave. Mrs. L. BAKER. 8602
A COMPETENT girl to do general housework 8517 Mrs. F. A. WATSON.
I HAVE a nice four-year-old driving mare that I will trade for a high grade bicycle 717 J. W. KENT.
FOR SALE.
BUGGY—New and of Paul G. Lord make left for sale with D. W. McKenney. 2811 & 8614
CHEAP. Single carriage and harness. Inquire of H. E. Donaldson. 8513
WAGON for sale by Loveland & Sutley. 79
BUCK dirt suitable for flower beds, good soil; also sand and gravel. 619mo. O. C. BOWEN, 911 First street.
STONE.
I AM now prepared to furnish stone, at quarry or delivered to any part of the city, at prices as low as the lowest. Call and see me, one and one-half miles east of Dixon, on the Grand Detour road, or address John Coffey, Box 476, Dixon, Ill. 8377

Painting, House Decorating!
Those in need of Neat Frescoing, Painting, Paper Hanging or Artistic House Decorating, should consult
E. A. Patrick.

\$3,000.00 A YEAR FOR THE INDUSTRIOUS.
If you want work that is pleasant and profitable, send us your address immediately. We teach men and women how to earn from \$5.00 per day to \$50.00 per year without having had previous experience, and furnish the employment at their own make that amount. No selling difficult to learn or that requires much time. The work is easy, healthy, and honorable, and can be done during daytime or evenings, right in your own locality, wherever you live. The result of a few hours' work often equals a week's wages. We have taught thousands of both sexes and all ages, and many have laid foundations that will surely bring them riches. Some of the successful men in this country owe their success in life to the start given them while in our employment years ago. You, reader, may do as well, try it. You cannot fail. No capital necessary. We fit you out with something that is new, solid, and sure. A book brimful of it to-day, and to-morrow, delays are costly.
E. C. ALLEN & CO.,
Box 420,
AUGUSTA, MAINE.

BRINK & DEETER CO.,
Manufacturers of Round or Square
TANKS,
Sash, Doors, Blinds, Mouldings, &c.
Write or call on us for estimates.
Brink & Deeter Co.,
Telephone No., 54. River Street, Dixon.

INSIGHT ONCE MORE

The End of the Deadlock on the Tariff Bill.

TODAY WILL SETTLE THE MATTER.

Either a Compromise or a Final Disagreement To Be Reported In What Senator Jones Declares—Early Reports That Were Too Sanguine—Probable Basis of the Agreement, if One Is Reached—Republicans Casting About for Votes to Defeat the Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—When the Democratic conferees adjourned last yesterday it was understood on all sides that the Democrats would report to the full conference today. Members of the conference supported the general faith by their statements, which were more or less sanguine or guarded—depending upon the temperaments of the speaker. While the utterances at the time of adjournment were not as strong as those which were heard earlier in the afternoon they were sufficiently assuring to justify the statement—that barring improbable contingencies—the Democratic members of the conference will find themselves prepared some time during today, or at the latest on Friday, to call in the Republican members of the conference for a full meeting.

Jones States the Exact Situation. "I will not say," said Senator Jones, "that we have agreed, for that would not be true; but the situation is cheerful and the indications are that we shall finish the work tomorrow. If we do not come to an agreement tomorrow I shall consider the conference at an end, for I do not see the utility of continuing our interviews with the house conferees longer."

This situation was at the end of a day which had started out with a determination on the part of the senate conferees, supported by the conservative senators, to bring the question at issue to a finality during the day, and which brought the positive though unofficial announcement that this end had been accomplished and an understanding reached. The report began to gain circulation about 1 o'clock and it grew stronger and stronger with out reviving positive confirmation from those in a position to know the facts.

Run Against Some Snags. When at 2:30 p. m. it was stated that a basis of agreement had been reached both Democrats and Republicans accepted it as the approach of the end, and as equal to a definite announcement of agreement. The terms as given out were that the sugar schedule was to be published last week—namely a duty of 40 per cent. ad valorem on raw sugar, 40 per cent. on the value of the raw sugar in the refined and 15 of a cent differential on refined sugar; 40 cents a ton on coal and free iron ore, with slight changes in the metal, woolen and cotton schedules. When, however, the conference reconvened at 3 o'clock it soon developed that by no means all the details had been agreed, and also that there was more or less opposition to the programme, and it was not long before the conferees found themselves bothered over many of the same propositions which they had been considering for days.

Conferees Not So Sanguine. The conferees were, therefore, not as sanguine upon the adjournment of their afternoon session as they were when the forenoon session closed. They came out of the conference somewhat anxious, but still they asserted that today would see the final adjustment of their differences. They held a session last night and the iron ore rates were among those which had not been fixed beyond recall. Indeed, sugar appears from the statements given out to be the only article upon which a definite conclusion has been reached, but it was understood that sugar coal or iron ore would go to the free list and the other would be dutiable at the senate rate.

Free Changes in Other Schedules. A few changes in iron and coal very little is said about the other schedules, although the senators say there will be few material changes in the manufacturing schedules as passed by the senate. The house conferees fear that many changes would bring on another debate from the Republican senators, whereas it is understood they will not delay the passage of the bill if the senate schedules upon which the Republicans held a session immediately after the adjournment of the senate to consider the situation. The understanding among them was to the effect that the Democrats had got close enough together to allow the tariff bill to be reported back to the senate today.

Members of the Louisiana delegation were not pleased with the reported agreement. They held no hourly whetstone was given in the sugar schedule and the purpose was to put the new law into effect at once without giving the continuance they had expected until Jan. 1 next.

There was much talk among them that the schedule would not receive their votes. Representative Catchings, of the rules committee, is hopeful that an adjournment of congress will occur next week. The Republican steering committee of the senate held a session immediately after the adjournment of the senate to consider the situation. The understanding among them was to the effect that the Democrats had got close enough together to allow the tariff bill to be reported back to the senate today.

There were present Republicans who had information as to the status of the bill and they stated that upon the manufacturing schedules the senate rates in the main obtained, but on the three principal items—sugar, coal and iron ore—a compromise had been reached. It was from this standpoint that the Republicans discussed the bill and the possibility of defeating it. It was first ascertained that every Republican and the Populists Peffer and Stewart would vote against the bill and that Hill would also oppose it. Three more votes were necessary to defeat it.

The announcement was made with considerable directness that both Caffery and Blanchard of Louisiana would vote against it, though they were not considered absolutely certain. "One of these senators had asked Allen to the position of himself and Kyle, who voted for the bill when it passed the senate, and while he had not received a positive answer the inference was that the Populists seemed to think it was a part of their policy to vote against the bill. With the Republican side solid, and Hill, Caffery, Blanchard and Allen voting with them the bill could not pass.

The Republicans had to acknowledge, however, that the prospect of getting all three of the last named was extremely

doubtful. The impression prevailed that the decisive vote would be taken today and absent senators were telegraphed to return to Washington. It is not the purpose of the Republicans to consume any time in debate. It is probable that they will be willing to take a vote very soon after the report is made. Their motion will be to indefinitely postpone the bill and this they think will be the test.

ADDRESS TO DEMOCRATIC NEGROES.

An Allusion to Their Influence in the Late Alabama Elections.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Robert G. Still, chief of the Afro-American bureau of organization of the Democratic congressional committee, has issued an address to the Democrats of color of the United States. The address says in part: "The National Negro Democratic league will convene in Indianapolis, on the 14th inst. It is hoped that negro Democrats from every state and territory will be represented to evidence by their presence and voice their loyalty to the policies and principles of the administration. "It is a matter of sincere congratulation to note the unwavering fealty shown to the Democratic party by our people in Alabama at the recent election. Possibly for the first time the negro vote directly appealed to and its response was evidenced by a return of large Democratic majorities in every negro county in the state. This open appeal to the negro vote is and should be especially gratifying to you and the negroes generally."

COREANS INVENTED IRONCLADS.

A Fact That Has Come Out Since the China-Japan War.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—A curious fact has been developed from researches in the records of the naval intelligence bureau throwing some light on Korean seamanship and tending to shake our confidence in the belief that we originated the iron-clad warships. A special report made by naval officers on Korean naval resources in 1883 says: "The old Korean navy consisted of junks armed with grapnels, pinning poles and small firearms. At present there are no vessels equipped for war purposes at all."

"During the last war with the Japanese in 1619, an iron turtle-back was used against the Japanese wooden junks. From the ports under the turtle-back grapnels and it grew stronger and stronger with out reviving positive confirmation from those in a position to know the facts.

Proceedings in Senate and House. WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—The senate referred a bill "to prevent professional lobbying" introduced by Allen. A number of bills of no importance generally were passed, as was a joint resolution authorizing the illumination of the Capitol dome by the Knights of Pythias during their encampment here. An executive session was held.

The house agreed to a resolution to investigate the labor union charges against Judge Ricks and another instructing the labor commission to investigate the effects of machinery on labor. A bill was passed for a \$200,000 public building at South Omaha, and an appropriation of \$4,000,000 for a new postoffice at Chicago was defeated on a point of order. Later the bill was laid aside with a favorable recommendation. Further business was defeated by lack of a quorum.

Mayor and Sheriff Reconnoiter.

Men who were on their way to work were turned back by strikers and not allowed to pass the strikers' picket lines. A patrol wagon load of police went to the scene at once to maintain order.

Argentina Happy Over Free Wool.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Dr. Zeballos, the Argentine minister, has sent to the state department a copy of a telegram he received from the president of the Argentine republic expressing his great satisfaction that both houses of the American congress had voted for free wool in the pending tariff bill.

Allen's Anti-Lobbying Bill.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 9.—Allen's anti-lobbying bill imposes a penalty of not less than \$1,000, nor more than \$5,000 and imprisonment in the jail of the District of Columbia for not less than one year, nor more than five years for conviction of lobbying.

Bound to Win That Wager.

GREEN BAY, Wis., Aug. 9.—The steamer J. H. Outwaite has arrived here from Cleveland. On board were Andrew C. Tombs and Charles Richardson, wealthy young men of Ashtabula, who made a last week's bet that Richardson would win \$5,000 that he could not work his way from Cleveland to Green Bay and return as deck hand on the Outwaite. Tombs accepted and shipped as a deck hand at Cleveland last Sunday. Thus far he has fulfilled the terms of the wager and will win the bet. Richardson, however, though his hands are calloused from wheeling coal into the furnace. He declares he will win.

Burial of Ex-Governor Blair.

JACKSON, Mich., Aug. 9.—The funeral rites over the remains of ex-Governor Blair were attended by representative citizens from all over Michigan, including Governor Rich and others prominent in public life. The funeral oration was eloquently delivered by the Rev. Washington Gardner, secretary of state, and the ex-governor's remains were followed to the grave by an immense procession.

"Paul Jones" Acquires a Secretary.

PITTSBURG, Aug. 9.—Paul Jones, who started from Boston Feb. 12 with a paper suit to go around the world and earn \$5,000, is stopping at one of the best hotels here. He has already acquired a secretary and has several schemes for accumulating money on his trip.

Had a Crouch on the Landlord.

BAKEDOO, Wis., Aug. 9.—With 150 guests in the house and a big Japanese excursion in sight the girls employed at the Cliff House, Devil's Lake, demanded more money, and were refused by Landlord Pearl they all marched out.

Coxeys at the Beach.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 9.—Carl Browne's contingent of Coxeys' army has arrived at Atlantic City and gone into camp into the vicinity of the old excursion house near the beach.

Sandow, the Strong Man, Married.

MANCHESTER, Aug. 9.—Sandow, the "strong man," was married in the Cathedral to Miss Blanche Brooks, the daughter of a local photographer.

GOOD TIMES AT LAST
You can all enjoy life and be happy if you burn
Muddy Valley Soft Coal.
NO CLINKERS, THE LEAST SOOT.
Save yourself money and go to **GEO. R. WOODRUFF** and get your coal.

LINE'S CLOSED UP.

Siege of Omaha Packing Plants Now Complete.

STRIKE PICKET LINES ADVANCED.

No One Allowed to Get Through Without a Strong Police Guard and That Sometimes Fails—Mayor and Packers Demand Military Protection and the District District Likely To Be Placed Under Martial Law.

OMAHA, Aug. 9.—The crisis in the strike arrived last night and if there is no improvement this morning several companies of militia will be sent to South Omaha and the packing house district placed under martial law. The situation is most serious and the 1,100 strikers have been doing about as they please. At 6 o'clock last evening they forced their picket lines—that have for forty-eight hours surrounded the packing houses—under the very walls of the big buildings, and their number was increased by the addition of several hundred men. At 8 o'clock Mayor Johnson, of South Omaha, went before the Omaha police board and asked that a detail of police be sent there, as he was powerless to control the lawless element. He said he had driven all over the city and found gangs of strikers patrolling the streets waiting for some of workmen to show up on their way to work.

Local Police Force Not "In It."

He had found gangs of fifty to seventy-five strikers all armed with clubs. The local police force was powerless to cope with these organized mobs and unless some radical measures were taken to suppress the disorderly element there would be men murdered and the packing houses would be in ashes before tonight. The board was informed that the governor was in consultation with the packers with a view of putting the packing house district under martial law and concluding to await his action. The packing house managers held a conference, and at its close Cudahy notified the adjutant general that unless the workmen could be given adequate protection all packing houses would be compelled to close down. He said the managers did not feel like endangering their plants by keeping them at work while their men are in danger of assault.

A Regular Reign of Terror.

In the evening the governor and adjutant general met the packers to canvass the matter. The packers declared that the situation was so serious that they had governor finally concluded to do nothing until morning and then if there was no improvement to call for troops. General Gage is on the scene keeping a close watch upon the situation. He is in constant communication not only with the managers of the several packing houses, but with prominent leaders of the strike. Employees last night on their way from work were assaulted by strikers, who were stationed at all points to intercept them. Many of the men who left the plants Tuesday night and went home to sleep were unable to return to work yesterday. In some instances their houses were watched by strikers and they were afraid to venture out.

NEW INFLUENCE IN POLITICS.

Capit Made to Do Duty in the North Dakota Campaign.

FORMAN, Aug. 9.—A romantic story is being told here in connection with the nomination by the Republican state convention of Miss Emma F. Bates, of Valley City, to be state superintendent of schools. Miss Bates and charge of her campaign for the nomination and found formidable opponents in Hon. John H. Devine and Professor J. H. Holland. She was able to sidetrack the latter by making herself solid with the Young Men's Republican League.

Casario's Letter to His Mother.

PARIS, Aug. 9.—Following is a letter Casario, the assassin, has written to his mother: "I write a few lines in order to inform you that I have been condemned to death. What must you think of me? You cannot think that I am an assassin and a malefactor. You know my good heart and my tenderness was always shown to you. Well, my heart is the same today. If I have committed this act it is simply because I was tired of looking on such an infamous world. I thank the priest for coming to me; but I do not desire to confess. I salute you, my brothers, sisters and others with a thousand kisses."

Worse Than Dotheboys Hall.

DENVER, Aug. 9.—The London Truth recently asked, "Why ought not some one investigate the home for children of W. J. Cornell, of Cajon Valley, San Diego county, Cal.?" Acting upon this suggestion W. H. Thompson, secretary of the Colorado Humane society, wrote under an assumed name to Cornell and finally received the following: For \$10,000 we will take care of your boy and see that he never returns to you again—in short, so hide him away that he will be as one who is dead." El Cien Valley is a small hamlet, having only a few stores. There is no institution located there.

Bogus Checks in Circulation.

GREEN BAY, Aug. 9.—A second bogus check has been presented at the Citizens' National bank of this city. The first was presented on Aug. 2, was drawn by Klein & Binger, Green Bay, and came from the Northern Trust company, Chicago, endorsed by F. T. Ball & Co., Chicago. It called for \$1,000. The second was of the same date, called for the same amount, and was drawn on the same fictitious firm, but was indorsed by Joseph F. White. It passed from the State bank at Chicago to the Wisconsin National of Milwaukee and came from there.

Eliminated a Socialist Plank.

BOSTON, Aug. 9.—The socialist plank in the platform of the state branch of the American Federation of Labor was eliminated at the session of the conference by a vote of 10 to 23. The question was debated for over three hours.

Anarchist Ordered Out of Brussels.

BRUSSELS, Aug. 9.—Cipriani, the Italian anarchist who was accused of plotting with ex-Deputy Felice and Pietro Casselli during the troubles in Sicily recently, has been ordered to leave this city. He will go to London.

Took Nearly Two Thousand Ballots.

YORK, N. Y., Aug. 8.—Miles Crowley, of Guilford, was nominated by the Democratic convention of the Tenth district for congress on the 13th ballot.

Spring Valley Miners Practically Told That Dairied Has Charge.

SPRING VALLEY, Ill., Aug. 9.—The miners of this city absolutely refused to treat with S. M. Dalzell, general manager of the Spring Valley Coal company, on account of the latter's refusal to recognize any miner's committee, and the mining question, so far as it affects Spring Valley, Ladd, Seatonsville and Laceyville, is as unsettled as it was on April 21, when the men came out and joined the "sympathy strike."

Manager Dalzell has posted up a notice in the company's office windows which practically concedes nearly all of the local grievances with the exception of

Refrigerators and Ice Chests
AT KEYES & SON'S.
Screen Doors and Windows made at our store.
HOUSE FULL of New Furniture; new Picture Frames.
C. H. KEYES & SON,
FURNITURE DEALERS,
63 Main Street.

FIN DESIECLE LOVE.

A Sort That Is Undoubtedly of Satanic Origin.

FIENDISH DEED OF A MISREANT.

His Alleged Affection Leads Him to Kill His Sweetheart, Mortally Wound Her Mother and Sister and Wind Up the Bloody Revel by Taking His Own Coward Life—Devilish Deed of a Wife and Her Paramour.

SIOUX CITY, Ia., Aug. 9.—One of the most terrible and blood curdling tragedies in the history of Lucas county occurred in Charleston when W. D. Jenkins, night baggage-master of the Burlington route, went to the Commercial hotel, just across the street from the passenger station and shot his sweetheart, Miss Julia Murphy, through the abdomen; her sister, Miss Josie Town, in the breast, and her mother, Mrs. Murphy, the landlady, in the abdomen. After shooting the three women the fiend rushed upstairs and put a bullet through his own head, dying instantly. Miss Murphy also died almost immediately.

Course of His "Love" Run Roughly.

At last report the mother and other daughter were both in a precarious condition and it was thought to be an impossibility for either to survive any length of time. The trouble was the culmination of a love affair between Jenkins and Miss Julia. They were engaged to be married in September, but objections were made to the match by the mother and sister of Miss Julia. Trouble had been brewing for some time, and only a few days since the girl refused to marry Jenkins on account of religious differences, she being a Roman Catholic and he a Protestant. These were the grounds on which other members of the family objected. Becoming disheartened Jenkins gave up to strong drink a week or so ago and had been more or less under its influence every day.

Began with a Family Row.

He and the Murphys had an all-around row of quite large proportions about an hour before the shooting occurred. This was caused by the visit of an old male friend of the girls, at which both Julia and her sister showed pleasure, but which caused the jealousy of Jenkins. His friends think he must have been rendered temporarily insane by his troubles, which were of a more or less imaginative nature. He left the hotel and after arming himself with a revolver returned and committed the terrible deed which leaves himself cold and prosopically bride lying in death, with the mother and sister very near the end.

Record of the Murderer.

Jenkins had been a resident of Charleston for many years, having been employed by the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy in the capacity of assistant baggage-master for six or seven years, and was always regarded as a cool, law-abiding citizen and a man of good sense and judgment. He made his home at the Murphy hotel all this time. The Murphys have always been considered good citizens.

FARMER KHAN DONE TO DEATH.

His Wife and Her Paramour Do the Diabled Deed.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 9.—Fred Kahn, a farmer living just outside the east limits of East Carondelet, Ill., was murdered by his wife, Annie, and her lover, George Centrell, who worked for the murdered man. He had been shot and beaten, the final blow with a two-pound blacksmith hammer having carried away the entire left side of the head as far down as the cheek bone, including the eye and part of the nose. The weapons and bloody clothing of the guilty pair were found in the room where the man was murdered. The man and Kahn's wife were captured. Later the wife and Centrell confessed, the latter confessing first. It seems that Mrs. Kahn dressed herself in her husband's clothes and with Centrell went to where Kahn was at work on a straw pile. Mrs. Kahn carried a hammer and Centrell a revolver. Kahn defended himself desperately and the fight went across a corner of a cornfield and ended with the blow of the hammer in the head road.

The son of the murdered man, 12 years old, says his mother went out after his father, she carrying a bundle (the clothes she later dressed herself in) and a hammer. When he heard the noise of the murder he called his mother and she came back and told him to shut up.

Pullman Soldiers and "Scabs."

CHICAGO, Aug. 9.—Captain Switzer, of company M First regiment I. N. G., says that the report that the company refused to eat at the same tables with the new workmen at Pullman is false; that they found all the tables occupied and simply marched to a shady place and waited; that no incident was offered the new workmen by Private Barnes or any other soldier. The City Press association says that the incident occurred in the sight of one of its reporters and was not denied at the time.

Insist on Endorsing Cleveland.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Aug. 9.—The largest and most representative Democratic convention in the history of the state assembled in this city. The committee on resolutions made a report which caused a warm fight and was finally referred back to the committee. The objectionable feature was a sentence declaring that the Democrats of Wyoming were not in accordance with President Cleveland's silver policy.

Remarkable Strike of Gold.

MOSEA, Colo., Aug. 9.—A most surprising strike of free milling gold ore has been made in the Annie lode, fifteen miles east of here, by the Fullenwider brothers. Assays have been made with the astonishing result of \$42,000 per ton. The gold is found in a boxcomb quartz easily worked, almost crushing in the hand.

North Democrats for Free Silver.

RALEIGH, N. C., Aug. 9.—At the Democratic state convention the platform committee reported resolutions declaring for free silver and demanding the repeal of the state bank tax. The president is recommended for his action concerning the recent difficulties at Cato g.

Democrats Nominate Weaver.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Ia., Aug. 9.—By a close vote the Democrats of the Ninth Iowa congressional convention nominated General James B. Weaver and adopted a free silver platform. The anti-free-silver men claimed that the convention was packed and bolted.

City Steam Laundry

All goods called for and delivered.

HOURS OF BEING OPEN:—Week days until 9:00; Saturday until 12:00 at night, and Sunday until noon.

Public Bath Rooms!

HARTSHORN & DETRICK.
Telephone No., 98.

THE NEW WINE.

Unfermented Grape Juice for INVALIDS and Sacramental purposes, 75¢ per dozen quart bottles; \$3.50 per doz., pint bottles. I have also a heavy Concord Grape and Port Wine, or \$2.00 per gallon, delivered to any part of the city. Orders through the post-office promptly attended to. P. O. box 774, or two doors south of the new school house, on Hennepin Street.

T. THOMAS ROBERTS.

New Mattresses,

Of all kinds made to order on short notice.

Old Ones Repaired.

Carpets and Clothing cleaned, Agent for Rockford Steam Dye Works.

CHAS. F. HEIMBAUGH
113 Hennepin Ave.

JUST RECEIVED!

Advanced samples of all the latest styles in

Spring and Summer Goods.

A Splendid Assortment

From the stock of some of the largest foreign and domestic manufacturers, which owing to the general depression and stringency of the money market,

We will sell at Reduced prices for the Next 30 days.

ED. F. CAHILL

18 Galena Avenue, up stairs.

Wm. Rink & Son,

Manufacturers of

WINDMILL SPRINGS

and dealers in

WINDMILLS AND PUMPS

OF ALL KINDS.

See Us Before Buying

PUMPS, CYLINDERS OR PIPE,

And You Will Save Money.

One Horse Shipman Engine

in good repair, will sell for \$50.

Cypress Tanks!

I will sell Cypress Tanks cheaper than pine tanks; one cypress tank will last longer than three pine tanks.

Dimick Block., Dixon, Ill.

5 DOLLARS TO PER DAY 20 Easily Made.

We want many men, women, boys, and girls to work for us a few hours daily, right in and around their own homes. The business is easy, pleasant, strictly honorable, and pays better than any other offered agents. You have a clear field and no competition. Experience and special ability unnecessary. No capital required. We equip you with everything that you need, treat you well, and help you to earn ten times ordinary wages. Women do as well as men, and boys and girls make good pay. Any one, anywhere, can do the work. All succeed who follow our plain and simple directions. Earnest work will surely bring you a great deal of money. Everything is new and in great demand. Write for our pamphlet and circular, and receive full information. No harm done if you conclude not to go on with the business.

GEORGE STINSON & CO.,

Box 488,

PORTLAND, MAINE.

Ladies' Fine Shoes.

500 Pairs of Samples and Trials consigned to us by one of the best makers of ladies' Fine Shoes in the west. Sizes 2 1/2 to 8, B to E E, worth from \$2.35 to \$4.00. We have divided them in three lots, \$1.49, 1.59 and 1.98. Not a damaged pair in the lot.

CALL EARLY AND GET FIRST PICK.

D. A. FORD, 10 E. First St

GO TO
SENNEFF & PILE'S
for the finest, cheapest
and freshest,
FRUIT, VEGETABLES AND CANDIES
in Dixon.
171 Galena Avenue.

Have You

Seen those \$20.00 Suits?

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED!

SUITS FROM \$20.00 UP!
PANTS FROM \$5.00 UP!

AT THE
Palace Tailoring Co's
First Street.

FURNITURE

ELEGANT LINE
Select From, all Bright
and New. A Large
Assortment of

Bed-Room and Parlor Sets
Couches,
Easy Chairs,
Rattan Rockers,
Easels, Picture Frames.

C. C. GONNERMAN,
Furniture and Undertaker.

Do You Want a Cheap Picture Frame

We have them. Do you want

A Very Fine One. We Have Them Also

H. CAMP & SON.

Fine Furniture
and Undertaking.

Galena Avenue - Dixon, Ill

Finest Line

—OF—

Surreys,
Phaetons,
Buggies,
Farm Wagons

Hides and Tallow Bought.

Repair work a speciality. All work guaranteed.

C. M. HUGUET,
101 Galena Avenue, near Bridge.

D. G. MILLER & CO.,
Brokers and Commission Merchants,
157 and 159 Hennepin Ave.

Invite your attention to their immense
line of New and Second-hand Furniture
Goods, Stoves, etc. We have received
another invoice of Shoes to be sold on
consignment; we guarantee stock and a
big discount on prices. Call and see.

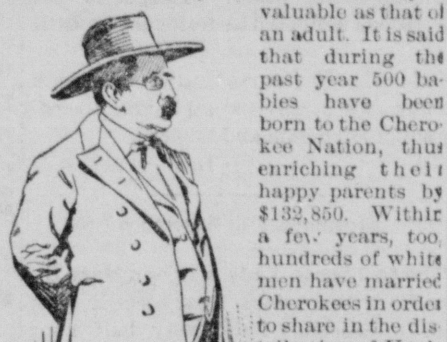
Second-Hand Furniture Wanted!
WE PAY THE CASH.

Money to Loan!
Farms for Sale!

CHEROKEES GET THEIR GOLD.

History of the Indians Who Recently Received \$7,000,000 From Uncle Sam.

The United States has just finished paying the Cherokee Nation \$7,000,000 for the famous Cherokee strip which was not long ago thrown open for settlement. Every person able to breathe in the tribe received \$265.70, and a baby's claim was exactly as valuable as that of an adult. It is said that during the past year 500 babies have been born to the Cherokee Nation, thus enriching their happy parents by \$132,850. Within a few years, two hundreds of white men have married Cherokees in order to share in the distribution of Uncle Sam's gold.



The Cherokee ceded 6,000,000 acres to the government for \$8,530,000 and still retain 5,000,000 acres of the choicest land. The remainder of the purchase price will be paid between now and 1900. It was retained by the government because of the fact that Shawnees, Delaware, negroes and others sued for a share of the money awarded the Cherokee. Although the population of the Cherokee Nation is about 25,000, only 10,000 of the members are full blooded Indians. The remaining 15,000 are part Indian and part negro or part white.

The Cherokees originally lived in Georgia, Alabama, North and South Carolina and West Virginia and sold their first tract of land to Governor Nicholson of South Carolina in 1721. The remaining southern possessions of the Indians gradually slipped from them until 1835, when they were deported at government expense to their present home in Indian Territory. They were given 14,000,000 acres by President Martin Van Buren, but part of their hunting grounds have since been given to Kansas and to other Indians.

C. J. Harris, the present chief of the Cherokee Nation, is a very stout man, weighing about 250 pounds. He also carries considerable gray matter under his hat and has handled the finances of his nation in an able manner. He became chief in December, 1891, succeeding Chief Mayes. As his appearance indicates, he is anything but a full blooded Cherokee. His father was a white man and his mother a half-breed Cherokee. He was born in 1856 and came to the Cherokee Nation after the war. Before his election to his present office he had been Chief Mayes' private secretary for four years and had served two months as treasurer of the nation when Chief Mayes made him the happy hunting grounds. He also represented the Cherokee at Washington for several years as a sort of Indian envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary. When the government turned over to him \$6,640,000 worth of bonds as part payment for the Cherokee strip, he visited New York and sold the bonds for \$6,740,000.

PORT M'HENRY'S CENTENNIAL.

The Anniversary of Its Transfer to the Federal Government to Be Celebrated.

Gallant old Fort McHenry, defender of Baltimore from British guns in 1814 and inspirer of our national air, "The Star Spangled Banner," is to have an anniversary celebration on Sept. 12, when the Baltimore Society of the War of 1812 will hold appropriate exercises in honor of the transfer of the fort to the United States government by the state of Maryland. The fort was begun in the early days of the Revolution in anticipation of war between the colonies and Great Britain. In 1793, when another war with Great Britain seemed probable, the fort was transferred from the state to the national government. In 1799 the people of Baltimore, desiring a better defense for their harbor, raised \$20,000 and erected a formidable brick fort on the site of the old one on Whetstone point. The new structure was called Fort McHenry in honor of James McHenry of Baltimore, first secretary of war under President Washington. The fort's great days were Sept. 12 and 14, 1814. The British had sacked Washington and were then endeavoring to capture Baltimore. About midnight on the 13th a British fleet of 10 warships sailed up to within two miles of the fort and began bombarding it. During the attack 1,500 shells fell upon the fort, but it was injured very little, and only four of its gallant defenders were killed and 24 wounded. It was garrisoned by a small force of regulars under General Armstrong, and its guns were manned by volunteer artillerymen under Judge Nicholson. The guns, which were 42 pounders, were unable to reach the British ships, two miles away, but they effectively prevented the enemy from passing up the Patuxent to Baltimore. Some of the British vessels attempted to get nearer the fort, but received such a hot fire when they came within range that they hastily retired. On Sept. 15 the disembarked Britishers weighed anchor and sailed away.

During the bombardment of Fort McHenry Francis Scott Key, a young Washington lawyer, was on board a cartel ship, then with the British fleet, endeavoring to procure the release of his friend, Dr. Beanes. When morning dawned and Old Glory was still defiantly floating over Fort McHenry, Key was so overjoyed that the words of "The Star Spangled Banner" formed in his patriotic mind. The song was printed in Baltimore and at once became popular. During the late war, when Baltimore was so strongly in favor of secession, Fort McHenry remained in the hands of the Federal government, although Baltimoreans several times planned to attack it.

Speed of the Earthquake.

Professor Lancaster estimates that the average speed of the transmission of earthquake shock is 16,000 feet per second.

Mexico's Rich Resources.

All the products of the polar and tropical regions can be raised in the varied climates of Mexico.

Sacred Cockroaches.

Cockroaches are sacred insects among the Chinese.

TAYLOR & WHEATON,
Galvanized Iron and Copper Cornices!

Sky Lights, Metal Ceilings,
Slate, Tin, Corrugated Iron,

Steel and Tile Roofing:
Iron Shutters and Doors, also
the Celebrated Kelsey

CORRUGATED FURNACE!
Estimates furnished on all kinds
of Sheet Metal Work.

STERLING, ILLS.,
117 West Third Street.

THE SINGER'S TRIUMPH.

"The greatest triumph of my life!"
The singer softly said,
"Twas in a city hospital
Beside a fair girl's bed.

"They called her 'Sister Madeline,'
An orphan and alone,
And 'Mother, sing! oh, mother, sing!'
Was her unending moan.

"The cruel flame had spared her face,
'Twas heavenly to see,
I took her ice cold hand in mine,
And sang, to old 'Dundee.'"

"Father, whatever of earthly bliss
Thy sovereign will denies,
Accented at the thought of grace
Let this petition rise."

"The moaning ceased; up into mine
She lifted eyes that shone
With something more than mortal love
Or beauty's light alone.

"I sang of heaven's perfect rest,
Of Christ, 'the dying Lamb,'
And 'rise my soul and stretch thy wings,'
To dear old 'Amsterdam.'"

"Then Jesus, lover of my soul—
The fluttering fingers led,
The tender cadence of the song—
'O singer sweet!' she said,

"Then, kneeling there, I chanted low
The 'Gloria'—my eyes
Were closed, and as a dreamer sees
So I saw paradise.

"I knew that death was coming fast,
And kissed her tenderly;
The smile her lingering spirit gave
Was Triumph's height of glory."

—YOUTH'S COMPANION.

London Stone.

"Most travelers while in London pay a visit to London stone," said Arthur Nesbit of Liverpool. "This historic stone is oblong in shape, of a grayish color, and is imbedded in the slabs of the foundation of St. Swithin's church, which is situated right in the heart of the city. This stone was erected by the Romans half a century before the birth of the Saviour as the central milestone of point of their possessions in Britain. From it all roads, divisions of property and distances throughout the province were measured. It has been recognized as the heart of England from which all its arteries flowed by every historian or antiquary known to English literature. A feeling has always existed among Englishmen about this stone, which was not altogether superstition, that as all distances were reckoned from it so it was in a certain way the base of the stability of England."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Not For Him.

"If they make my home much more attractive and comfortable," said Mr. Glimmerton, "I shall have to leave it altogether. They have taken there lately to making sofa and chair cushions of lovely materials and very soft and comfortable, which they scatter around on the chairs and sofas, but it seems that these are for visitors only and to look at. They are not for members of the family. If I forget and sit down on one of them, I hear Mrs. Glimmerton or Miss Glimmerton say, 'Oh, don't do that!' And then they come and pat it and smooth it and fix it over again in the chair, and it looks very inviting again, but I know that its invitation is not for me."—New York Sun.

District of Columbia Laws.

The jury system of the District of Columbia is peculiar and has been unchanged since the time of Lord Baltimore and Queen Elizabeth. The old colonial laws of Maryland obtain, under which the court can even now punish a woman for gossiping or telling tales to her neighbor or failing to keep her house neat and clean. The law prohibits planters from feeding their workmen terapin and canvas back duck, and requires that housekeepers shall give their servants wholesome food. People can be fined so many pounds of tobacco for swearing on the streets or for not attending church.—Green Bag.

On Rosebushes.

When roses are syringed regularly and thoroughly, there is seldom need for insecticides, but if blight should succeed in effecting a lodgment a douche of quassia water, obtained by boiling a pint of quassia chips in two gallons of water (which can be made up to four gallons by the addition of cold water), is effective. Use the infusion while hot, but not sufficiently so to hurt the hand placed in it.—Florist.

The dairy product of Vermont reaches \$25,000,000. The Green Mountain boys sell \$1,250,000 worth of maple sugar every 12 months. The marble quarries of Otter Creek have \$5,000,000 of capital and employ 4,500 men.

Liszt when studying the piano was accustomed, as a regular occupation, to practice 10 hours a day. To the end of his professional career he every day played the scales, as he said, to limber his fingers.

Men who work for many years in vinegar factories experience dull pains in the joints, caused by the fumes of the acid softening the lime in the bones.

The sugar cane is mentioned by Strabo as known in India 325 B. C. It was then used in its raw state, no method being known of extracting the sugar.

More than four-fifths of the murders in the United States last year were by men who had no regular occupation.

Men show their character in nothing more surely than in what they think laughable.—Goethe.

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EVERYTHING! ANYTHING!
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THE TELEGRAPH OFFICE

HE DISLIKED THE DRUNKARD.

But He Gave the Professional Billiard Thief a Lesson.

"In addition to the many other accomplishments which made the late William Hayden Edwards one of the best equipped men in the world, he was a graceful and expert billiard player," said Howard Seymour. "A good many years ago he played about the best game I ever saw for a gentleman. I remember once when we were together in Baltimore we dropped into the Eutaw House one day to get out of a passing shower. We went into the billiard room and were attracted by a crowd looking at a game between a clean cut, sprightly, confident young man, and a flushed faced, heavily built man, who appeared to be a naval officer, and who was pretty nearly too far gone in liquor to see a ball across the table.

"It was evident that the dapper individual was a sharper and was engaged in fleeing his antagonist. Edwards looked angry in a minute, but said nothing. When the game was finished, a bystander handed some money to the sharper who had won, when the loser looked in our direction and espied Hayden. He gave no sign of recognition save the slightest sort of a wink and then addressed his opponent, 'You can beat me easy,' he remarked, 'but I can pick a man in the room who can do the same by you.' The other immediately expressed his willingness to play anybody for any amount. And the naval officer, for such he turned out to be and an acquaintance of Hayden's, staggered about the crowd, apparently aimlessly, and careened against Edwards. Under his breath he whispered that the professional had won \$50 from him, and then out loud he announced that he would select 'this little fellow,' as he designated Edwards, as his champion. 'He can beat you for \$50,' he continued, with seeming recklessness, pulling out some bills. The money was quickly covered, and Edwards selected his cue from the rack.

"The game was 100 points, and Hayden won the bank and made 28. His opponent made a miscue and Hayden exactly duplicated his run. The sharper made a few caroms and slipped up on a draw shot, leaving the balls in the corner, whereupon my friend got them in the jaw and ran the 44 points necessary to make the game. Hayden put up his cue without glancing at his antagonist, and we walked out. 'I detect that drunken lot,' he remarked, 'but I hate a professional billiard room thief a great deal more and made up my mind to give that one a lesson.' The naval man overtook us at that moment, and it took us two hours to get rid of him and his exuberant gratitude."—Washington Star.

Smoke Combustion.

The new system of smoke combustion adopted in some of the English plants is reported as proving decidedly satisfactory as compared with previous arrangements. The apparatus is fitted in a furnace having bars four feet long, the height from the bars to the top of the furnace being 15 inches, and about seven inches from the far ends of the bars an arch is placed five inches deep, by means of which the smoke is turned downward upon and through the fire.

Below the bars a door is placed three feet from the front, by means of which the amount of draft allowed at the back of the furnace is regulated and a more equal proportion forced up the front. By this door the bars are kept cool, owing to the additional quantity of air, and thus preserved, and the air is thoroughly mixed with the smoke as it passes through the fire, thus assisting in its combustion. The published statements in this case show that by the use of such a system a saving of over 25 per cent has been effected, the quantity of smoke has been greatly reduced and the residue from the furnace in the shape of clinkers is diminished 50 per cent.—New York Sun.

The Sun Slowly Burning Up.

Sir Robert Ball, the astronomer royal of Ireland, says that there is a distinct limit to man's existence upon this planet and that the length of that period will be controlled by the final exhaustion of the sun. It seems from his figures that the "great orb of day" has already dissipated at least four-fifths of the energy with which he was originally endowed and that without being reinvigorated by some extraordinary process cannot hold out more than 10,000,000 years longer, and possibly not more than 4,000,000 years. The series of figures from which he deduces this startling result may also be juggled around in such a manner as to show the age of our great luminary, which the professor has set down at 15,000,000 years.—St. Louis Republic.

The Champion Mean Man.

A Lewiston man made a sensation the other night by ordering a 35 cent steak in a restaurant, and when he had eaten half of it paid 15 cents for it and was going out. "You owe me some more money," called the restaurant keeper. "I did not eat it all. You can't make me pay for what I don't eat." And with that he but turned up his coat and went out, abusing the restaurant keeper in good round United States.—Lewiston Journal.

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EVENING TELEGRAPH.
PUBLISHED BY
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RAILROAD TIME-TABLE.

CHICAGO & NORTH-WESTERN RAILWAY	
EAST BOUND.	WEST BOUND.
At 10:30 a.m. A Dy. Lm. 10:35 a.m. A O'V. Lm. 10:40 a.m. A St. Paul. 10:45 a.m. A O'V. Lm. 10:50 a.m. A St. Paul. 10:55 a.m. A Carroll. 11:00 a.m. A	O'V. Lm. 11:15 a.m. A Pac. Ex. 11:20 a.m. A Cint. Pa. 11:25 a.m. A Om. Ex. 11:30 a.m. A St. Paul. 11:35 a.m. A Dy. Lm. 11:40 a.m. A

ILLINOIS CENTRAL RAILROAD.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH	TRAINS GOING NORTH
Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m.	Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m. Passenger. 11:30 a.m.

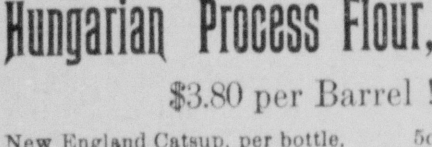
STERN BROS.
Opera House Block.
Ladies' Shirt Waists.
We have some odd sizes left that we want to close out; you can buy them at a great deal less than actual value.
Ladies' Waists made of best prints, with ruffles and pinks, at 30c, always sells at 50c.
Ladies' Laundried Waists, made of fine percale, chambray, in dots and stripes, at 80c, worth up to \$1.25.
Ladies' Silk Waists, made of excellent quality Japanese silk, at \$3.00; the silk alone would cost you as much.
Ladies' White India Linen Waists, ruffled front and pinks, at 80c; former price \$1.15.

SHOES!
We offer special bargains in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Low Shoes to reduce stock.

TRY OUR
Hungarian Process Flour,
\$3.80 per Barrel!
New England Catsup, per bottle, 5c
New England Mustard per bottle, 12c
12 Cans of Gooseberries, \$1.00
Black Ink, per bottle, 2c
32 Bars of Soap, \$1.00
Don't forget we give you a Fine Book with every \$25.00 worth of goods.
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For 10 days only at Haley & Drew's shoe store, 15 1st St.



We have placed a good shoe repairer in our store. Bring your work to us.
HALEY & DREW,
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Ladies' Fine Shoes.
The nicest line of Ladies' Fine Shoes in the city just received at the lowest prices possible for cash; also Men's, Boys' and Children's Shoes.

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House Heating, Plumbing, and Steam and Water Fitting.
Pumps and the Halliday Wind Mills.
AT THE WATER POWER,
Dixon, Illinois.

—A marriage license was granted yesterday to Martin L. Ullensvang and Marie Jensen, of Alto, aged twenty-six years each.
—Miss Mollie Kane and her sister, Mrs. Fred Humphries, have returned home from Chicago, where they have been since winter.
1. —George F. Wood and Miss Jennie L. Bukantz, young people of LaMoille, procured a license to wed, of our county clerk yesterday.
—Master Walter Rayney, who is a member of the Episcopal Cathedral choir at Chicago, is in Dixon for a few weeks spending his vacation at the home of his parents on Nachusa avenue.

—The 2:20 class race at Joliet was not finished yesterday on account of darkness. In the four heats trotted Lady Hare won places 2, 1, 2, 1 and they were trotted in 2:14, 2:16, 2:18, 2:17.
—John Greer and William Martin, watchmen at the Riverside Shoe Factory, were the first to see the fire in outhouse at the college a few nights ago. They put out a fire started there some two weeks ago.

—Johnny and Bessie Clark, children of John Clark of West Dixon, yesterday afternoon gave a social party—a sort of reception to their visiting friend, Miss Allie Ragan of Chicago. Forty young guests were royally entertained.
—In the announcement of the engagement of Miss Bertie Burr, of Lincoln, Nebraska, the printers made us say that she is the daughter of B. F. Burr. We wrote that she is the daughter of C. C. Burr and granddaughter of B. F.

—A destructive fire occurred yesterday afternoon on the farm of a Mr. Barber, one and a half miles north of Polo, occasioned by a spark from a passing engine on the Illinois Central. Two thousand bushels of corn in crib, fifteen tons of hay and a large amount of fence were consumed.
—Yesterday an Illinois Central engine set fire to grass in North Dixon, and the barn belonging to Patrick Duffy was endangered. Last evening a number of residents of Parsons' Addition set fire to the grass in the low land and controlled the fire until all that threatened their homes was destroyed.

—Our citizens C. A. Dement and "Dad" Grove visited Whiteside county yesterday and on the Book farm three miles north of Sterling were shown a six months old calf that has its heart in its throat. The animal seems to enjoy good health. No beating of its heart can be felt at the side though a large lump on its throat throbs and jumps.
—Forty-eight business houses and two of our manufacturers are arranging displays for the trades procession at Assembly Park to-morrow night. The participants have been notified to report at the North gate at eight o'clock. The procession will move at 8:30, headed by the Dixon Factory Band. Following are the names of the participants: O. H. Brown, Tillson & Hayden, McCreary & Long, Weaver & Co., G. O. Wendel, D. S. Horton, S. S. Dodge, Keyes & Son, C. A. Lucas, A. K. McEwen, Sennett & Pile, Kent & Son, Dixon Music Co., Denny & Co., Thomas Cheate, B. Kluever, Fargo & Pratt, The Plymouth, Parker & Sawyer, Beck & Son, Brink & Deeter, Bunnell & Co., Chiverton & Heckman, J. A. Yates, A. Reed & Sons, R. J. Kewin, C. J. Rosbrook, I. D. Appleford, Gossamer & Son, E. J. Ryan, Brown Sewing Machine Co., H. H. Long, I. B. Countryman, B. Edelstein, George R. Woodruff, Dixon Sun, Joe Peterberger, City National Clothing Co., J. Howell & Son, D. C. Miller & Co., Eli Rosenthal, Hartshorn & Detrick, S. Rosenthal & Son, Stern Bros., Brubaker & Carpenter, C. M. Huguet.

Assembly Concert.
Prof. McAllister during the three years of his superintendence of the music at Rock River Assembly has greatly elevated the character of the singing and the fruits of his excellent drill were evident last evening. The choruses were admirably rendered, particularly the greeting glees composed by the director himself. Miss Winifred Piper has a contralto voice of much sweetness and considerable compass, which was displayed to excellent advantage in a solo. Miss Ella G. Richards, soprano, and George C. McAllister, basso, appeared as soloists and proved themselves favorites. The encores so heartily accorded to Mrs. Dixon and Miss Lindberg, eloquentists, attested to the merit of their renditions. The Assembly quartet has been complimented before and last night's effort added to their popularity. The concert may be considered the best ever given by Assembly talent.
This evening Rev. S. A. Ort, D. D. LL. D., will lecture on "Ideals." Tomorrow will be Merchants' Day. John V. Farwell will speak at 8 p. m. and at 8 p. m. A trades' procession, fifty firms participating, will circulate through the avenues of the park.

NOTES.
Gen. W. H. Gibson, on account of sickness, cannot be present on G. A. R. Day. Col. James Sexton, ex-postmaster of Chicago, has been secured in his place.
The "Golden Gate," of bark, cotton batting and gold foil, this afternoon, was strikingly pretty. Rev. Brown superintended its construction.
The raised platform for chorus is a permanent Assembly fixture.
"Who is the queen of the camp?" is the chief topic of conversation. The committee has chosen some lovely lady; but her personality will not be disclosed until Monday night. Meanwhile the preparations for the second coronation are in active progress.
Prof. Foster's prediction of rain is hailed with delight and swallowed with a grain of doubt.
The log cabin is completed and Miss Lindberg's class recites in the sitting room daily.
Mr. Scott's free coal argument yesterday made a chilly impression.
Tennis and croquet are the popular games. The base ball crank has not put in an appearance.
The local union, Y. P. S. C. E., are arranging for a meeting at the tabernacle next Sunday evening.
Mrs. Boynton and sister, Miss Lillie Messer, of Freeport, and Mrs. Wm. Bartzel, of Ashton, have joined the campers.

THE WEATHER.
THE TELEGRAPH will hereafter give the weather predictions for each day, as received each forenoon from the superintending of the weather bureau at Chicago. For today the report is as follows:
Fair. Cooler tonight, except stationary temperature in Southern Illinois. Fair Friday.

John H. Boyd is the agent in Dixon for the latest edition of Dr. Barrow's great work, "The Parliament of Religions." If you wish to examine it drop him a postal at 210 Peoria avenue. t1

(Continued from page 1.)
remaining ninety-five per cent of the inhabitants, including the farmers.
The fall of wheat was caused by our being shut out from the markets of the world. He denied that the Democrats had promised one dollar wheat.
He spoke in praise of the proposed income tax. He did not think there were any five thousand dollar-a-year preachers here, and it would not hurt that class.
He spoke favorably of the election of a United States Senator by the people, and the next best thing, the nominating of Senator by State conventions. Democrats knew who they were to have; they did not "buy a pig in a poke." However, he corrected himself for using the word "buy" in connection with United States Senator. Spoke in praise of Mr. Franklin MacVey, their candidate. He is very rich but got his money honestly.
He closed with an eloquent burst of glittering generalities about Democrats being in favor of the largest liberty for man to worship God according to the dictates of his conscience, and to educate his children where he sees fit.

We Would Suggest—By the Way.
St. John on Prohibition Day gave us to understand that depreciation in the price of farm land was a certain indication that the Republicans had ruined the country. Now comes Hon. Owen Scott on Democratic Day and proclaims that the gradual rise in price of farm land has destroyed the sheep raising business.
Is anybody endeavoring to pull the wool over anybody's eyes?
It would appear to a man up a tree that Mr. Scott's argument in favor of free raw material would have been more to the point if his Democratic Congress would indicate some sort of a probability that coal, iron, etc., would ever be placed upon the free list.
"Hundreds of millions" of people in the United States that don't raise wool was putting it pretty strong, Mr. Scott.
What about sugar? Mr. Scott forgot to mention a word about sugar trusts; sugar tariff. Perhaps he does not take sugar in his sin.
What did Owen Scott mean when he said that it was not proposed to pass a law that would cause injury to our industries, and yet insisted that the McKinley tariff aids manufacturers, its repeal would not, certainly, be very beneficial to that class.
In the tabernacle Mr. Scott said that the Republicans left the United States Treasury bankrupt! We would like to ask the gentleman from Bloomington what his ideas are of a bankrupt concern? Until the Democrats came into power the reserve funds in the treasury have never, since 1873, been below one hundred and eight million dollars, and was as high as \$194,000,000.
The reserve in the treasury now is a little over fifty million. There would be scarcely any had not the present administration borrowed fifty millions recently. Mr. Scott made considerable show of fairness by his endorsement of the ten commandments, therefore he should have been more careful in his statements. He was not wabbling around in McLean county, but addressing our Chautauqua.

If we were a Democratic orator the one thing we would not talk about is a bankrupt treasury. The last time that party retired from power the only assets the Republicans found in the United States Treasury was a Mexican shilling, and it was "punched." Free trade orators had nearly a thirty years struggle endeavoring to make the people believe that the country was being ruined by a full treasury which Republicans enjoyed.
Mr. Scott's extended argument in favor of free wool reminds us of a very brief speech made by one of our Dixon freetrade orators a score of years since on the same subject. It was in Chicago and there was an immense crowd and our citizen opened the tariff question in his speech by propounding the simple interrogative: "How does wool operate?" Then came the answer from the audience: "Take a dose and try it!" That closed the debate on free wool, and in fact on all other questions, for that evening.

Mr. Scott clung to the state's rights doctrine, "distribution of power," etc., and indirectly gave President Cleveland a slash in the matter of calling out United States troops to suppress strike riots. State rights don't work in practice, Mr. Scott.
When Mr. Scott stated that free quinine had reduced the price of that drug it is charitable to presume that he did not know very much of what he was talking about. He certainly would not so quickly ignore the ninth plank in the sacred platform he had just adopted. He probably did not know that at the time he refers to, quinine had not only dropped from three dollars to fifty cents an ounce in London, but in all other markets of the world as well as in the United States. Did the Honorable Owen Scott wish to impress his audience with the idea that a tariff on quinine imported into America effects the market of that drug in free trade England?
He did not know, perhaps, that a destruction of the trees from which it is made was the cause of an increase in price; and afterwards that the combined efforts of nations to plant trees to supply the demand, as well as the discovery by chemists of modes of extracting the drug from Peruvian bark without waste, were the causes of advance and fall in quinine. The fact that the fluctuations in price were in all the markets of the world clearly indicates that Mr. Scott knew not what he was talking about when he took quinine to illustrate an American tariff proposition.

Old Time Fancies.
Under this heading Colonel J. R. C. Forrist, a fine old Irish gentleman tells in the Chicago Record about Governor Charters and E. B. Stiles and family:
A case in Judge Grosscup's court—the United States District—in this city a day or two since attracted my attention—this for the reason that it took me back at least forty years to those days when the Rock river country in this state had exhibited evidence of culture and refinement which were rare in the west at that early period. At that time—indeed, several years previously heretofore—a gentleman from the north of Ireland, where he and his family had been manufacturing and merchants in the thriving city of Belfast, emigrated to America. Possibly the financial and commercial panic of 1836-'37 drove him to this step; possibly he anticipated it and left home before it struck his native land. However this may be, Mr. Charters, who, by the way, was of French Huguenot extraction, settled on the west bank of the Rock river a couple of miles north of Dixon, on one of the most romantic and charming spots upon which Nature had lavished her wealth of beauties. Here he lived until a green old age, dying a few years ago, and loved and respected by all who came within the reach of a hospitality which was extended to all, rich and poor, gentle and simple, with a most lavish hand. His body was buried on the beautiful spot which he loves so well and on which his last look lingered with a longing gaze ere his spirit passed to the heaven which its beauties all but mocked.

Everyone called Mr. Charters by the title of governor. Among those who took part in this hospitality of this "fine old Irish gentleman" in the early days was no less a personage than Abraham Lincoln. And it is related that the beloved and the late Gov. Charters, wife of the late Gen. Stiles and mother of these two young men, as far back as 1848-'49. I remember well one day in the summer of 1854, the year in which the Collins steamer, Artic, was sunk off Cape Race, having been run into by a small French steamer in a fog. It was on Sunday. I was sitting under the spreading oaks which overhung the avenue with their umbrageous branches. That carriage was occupied by Gen. and Mrs. Stiles. The lady, I remember well at this long date, and whom I saw for the first time, struck me as a beautiful woman, a vision of loveliness, who, to use the words of the great Order of the Mother of Parliaments, "seemed capable of decorating and cheering the sphere she had evidently just begun to move in, glittering like the morning star, full of life and splendor and joy." I noticed that she was dressed in excellent taste. In her lap she held a beautiful picture in little of his beautiful mother. That boy, Charley Stiles, subsequently the most brilliant president of the Chicago club board, an annex to our board of trade, that this or any other mark of trade had ever seen. Many a day subsequently to the time when I saw the beautiful picture in little of his beautiful mother, I have seen him grow to be as splendid a specimen of manly beauty as one could wish to behold, the vision of that beautiful Sunday under the spreading oaks and on the green turf of Hazelwood would be revived in his mind. Again using the words of that immortal Burke: "What shadows were, and what shadows we pursue!" Alas! this splendid specimen of America's early manhood met his death at the hands of an assassin, his mistress, an Italian woman named Surlana, who shot him in the corridor of one of our hotels.

Indeed, a fatality seemed to pursue the family almost from the day on which I first met Mrs. Stiles at Hazelwood in 1854 to the present time. The father, who did a large banking business in Dixon under the name of Charters, failed in 1857, he subsequently met reverses in 1873 and died some years ago a comparatively poor man. Yet a more agreeable, unassuming, more entertaining gentleman I have seldom seen my good fortune to meet; the son, Charles, was assassinated in the prime of life and of his business usefulness; the mother lost her reason on hearing of the death of her favorite son; and now her other two sons are compelled to go to law with their mother's sister, a Mrs. Mary Robinson, in order to recover the remnants of the original property, which she had willed her sister under a delusion.

—John M. Woods and Miss Bertha Stitts of Franklin Grove, aged thirty and twenty-six, have procured a marriage license.

Amusement, Business and Local Items.
J. W. Kent is sole agent for the Remington bicycle.
A railroad excursion to Devil's Lake will leave Dixon on the 7:10 a. m. C. & N. W. R. R. train Tuesday, August 21. Round trip \$1.50.
Cisterns cleaned and repaired by J. A. Tumeys. Leave orders at David Sennett's store opposite postoffice. 830tf
J. W. Kent will repair your bicycles cheaply on short notice. 783
Mrs. Banks, Tailress—Cleaning, bleaching, repairing and dyeing. Nachusa ave. 30tf
Soft coal that burns as clear as wood is nice, and Pitcher sells it. dw
Billy Kennedy keeps nothing but the best of wines and whiskies, also Milwaukee beer on draught. 78tf

CALIFORNIA WASHING MACHINE.
Our attention was called to day by H. H. Tuttle of San Francisco, California, to the action of his wonderful self acting California washer at the Washington House Hotel, where Mr. Tuttle is stopping for a few days. The machine is a wonderful surprise to everyone who has seen it work. It saves one half the labor of any other machine now in market. It is truly self acting, doing the most perfect work, saving all the hard rubbing and leaving the clothes in the most perfect condition, with no wear or tear. Mr. Tuttle invites the attention of anyone wishing to engage in business or to buy a machine for private use to call and see him at the Washington House. 871*

Children's Clothing.
Our line excels anything we have ever before shown and the prices will speak for themselves.
JAS. H. TODD & SON
160 Galena Ave.

Call at the Aurora saloon, 114 First street, every morning at nine o'clock for a nice warm lunch.
24tf
GEO. SCHORR.
Thomas Kahler, at the Nachusa House sample room, keeps choice brands of wine, whiskey, beer, ale and cigars. Orders promptly delivered. 19tf.
I am prepared to deliver ice at the same cost that was so satisfactory last year. Orders left at the meat market, my old stand, will receive prompt attention. 65tf
ALLEN WEIGLE.

CRABS, WHITNEY'S NO. 20.
For sale in any quantity, delivered at \$1.50 per bushel.
8613* Address E. M. McCune, Box E.

At Charles Plein's place can be procured Anheuser-Busch, Milwaukee beer, Bass' ale on draught and in bottles, Old Oscar Pepper whiskey, Guckenhimer Rye, best brands of cigars and a great variety of choice foreign and domestic choice wines. Telephone No. 74. Goods delivered at residence. 64tf.

Colorado Restaurant, 155 Hennepin avenue, warm meals at all hours; boarders solicited; cigars and tobacco. 8212
L. E. SPENCER.

Steamboats to Assembly.
The two boats, Lady May and Mary B., run from their dock near electric light plant to Assembly Park every half hour during the day and every twenty minutes in the evening. 80tf

Insurance Agency of
A. S. HYDE & CO.,
Issuing Fire, Accident, Employer's Liability, Workmen's, Collective and Steam Boiler Policies.
Abstract of Title & Conveyancing
Rooms 2 and 3, Opera Block.

FREE!
An elegant five piece Parlor Set given away, with one pound of baking powder and 50c worth of groceries
Will Be Given
to the party first guessing nearest the correct number of shot contained in sealed bottle.
DENNY & CO.,
37 FIRST STREET.

W. F. STRONG,
sells the matchless
Mason & Hamlin Pianos
Pianos on hand. Cash or time payments. WHY NOT CALL?
374 West 3d St., or College.

Ice Cream and Ices,
Fine Cakes, Confectionery and Groceries.
Orders for parties and picnics given special attention. Fresh country butter also on hand.
WM. SMITH,
Cor. College Ave., and 1st St.

All Wash Goods reduced in price.
Some good things left.
CASH PRICES!
A. K. McEwen.

Just a Minute
of your time, please, to remind you of how well we can serve you in one particular. We have made a regular study of at least one subject, and the values we have to offer you on that account are just what you should make it your business to look into. Our special subject is
Children's Clothing.
Our line excels anything we have ever before shown and the prices will speak for themselves.
JAS. H. TODD & SON
160 Galena Ave.

Hard Time Prices.
\$ 45.00 Road Wagons for \$35.00.
\$ 80.00 Top Buggies for \$65.00.
\$100.00 Top Buggies for \$75.00.
\$125.00 Surries for \$100.00.
\$165.00 Surries for \$140.00.
\$ 65.00 Spring Wagons for \$50.00.
\$ 60.00 Farm Wagons for \$45.00.
\$ 20.00 Harness for \$15.00.
\$ 15.00 Harness for \$11.00.

And other things in proportion. Be sure and see me before buying and save money.
L. D. PITCHER.

Specialties in Children's Suits!
Wash Suits, sailor style, @ \$1.00, 1.50 and 2.00. These are very pretty and comfortable for hot weather; sizes run from age 4 to 8 years. Light weight Jerseys, @ \$3.50 per suit, very nice and comfortable. The very latest novelty are the Reefers, ages 4 to 8 years, prices \$3.50 to \$6.00. To be appreciated these must be seen.
Ladies, Give Us a Call for Your Children's Wear!

14 First Street. **S. ROSENTHAL & SON.**

60 Cents
Buys a Set of Croquet;
One Dollar
Buys an Eight Ball Set.
COME QUICK TO
THE TOP, No. 7 First St.

Hot Air Cook Pan.
Insures Natural, Healthy, Nourishing Food. New era in food cooking. No more burnt food.

This pan is designed for boiling, and is practically a double pan, having an Air Chamber below and completely surrounding the cooking food. This air chamber serves as a cushion or check, allowing the food to cook readily, evenly and with perfect steadiness, never allowing it to burn, and insuring pure, nourishing, healthy and natural food. It is especially adapted for cooking farinaceous food, milk, rice, custards and all kinds of milk foods and mixtures, also for fruit stews, such as apple sauce, and for vegetables, like tomatoes, which are so easily burnt in the old-style stew pans. The Hot Air Cook Pan is made from the very best material, and made to last. The inner vessel is stamped from heavy tin plate, re-tinned after stamping, while the outer vessel is stamped out of extra heavy sheet steel. These are rigidly hemmed together, possessing neither seams nor solder, and is perfection itself. They are made in two sizes. This pan is a perfect gem of economy, and will pay for itself many times over, and prove itself a source of comfort and satisfaction in any household.
C. J. ROSBROOK, Sole Agent.

Closing Out
Buggies, Road Wagons, Concord Wagons and Surries; all first-class work, Michigan Buggy Company's make, all warranted. I will guarantee lower prices than can be obtained outside of Chicago. Have also a few buggies of cheaper grade which I will offer at cost; also a few sets of single harness at less than cost. I must close out my stock within the next thirty days.
REMEMBER THE PLACE.
I. D. APPLEFORD, 66 First Street.
A TWO WEEKS SALE OF
CLOTHING AND FURNISHING GOODS
That Must Break all Previous Records!
We take inventory August 1st, and at this present writing we find we have too much Stock and not enough Cash; being well aware that there is still a number of people who would buy Clothing if they knew they could buy at a nominal expense. We have resolved to sell every stitch of clothing, for the next two weeks, Regardless of Cost. The power of cash will be tested to its fullest extent, and we positively guarantee a saving of at least
Fifty Per Cent. on Your Purchases!
Everything in our house has been Knifed to the Core, and such retailing as we will do for the next two weeks will never, and has never been done, by any solvent concern, in the remaining days of July.
The Plymouth Clothing House,
McBride Block, 22 First Street, Dixon, Ills.